Section 1: I	dentificatio	n				
		Calciur	n Hvdroxid	e Ca(OH)2		
Product Line	MicroCal – HF, HFT20, HM, HS, Low Al; PetroCal – HF, HM, HS; Standard Hydrated - Lime, CG, FGT, HR, HRH. 64, SP, Slik Type S; Liquid Calcium Hydroxide (LCH); MP Liquid Calcium Hydroxide (MPLCH); VitaCal – H, LCH; Architectural Lime Putty; Enhanced					
Product Uses	Building material industry, Chemical industry, Agriculture, Biocide applications, Environmental protection (e.g flue gas treatment, waste water treatment, sludge treatment), Drinking water treatment, Feed, food and pharmaceutical industry, Civil engineering, Paper and paint industry, Glass industry, Leather.					
Manufacturer	Missis	sippi Lime Cor	npany 16147 U	S Highway 61, Ste	Genevieve, MO 63670	
	<b>24 Ho</b> u	ır Emergency	y Contact Nu	mber: (800) 437	7-5463	
Section 2: I	Hazard(s) Id	dentification				
Signal Word	WAR	NING!			Distributed by:	
<			•		Rocky Mountain Reagents SCIENTIFIC SOLUTIONS SINCE 1991  4621 Technology Drive, Golden, CO 80403 ph: (303) 762-0800 fax: (303) 762-1240 Part #: C1021	
HAZADD	H 315: Causes skin irritation					
HAZARD	H 319: Causes serious eye irritation H 335: May cause respiratory irritation					
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS	PREVENTION P 102: Keep out of reach of children. P 261: Avoid breathing dust. P 280: Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P 402: Store (dry product) in dry place P 501: Dispose of contents / container in accordance with regulations.  RESPONSE P 302 + P 352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P 304 + P 340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest and comfortable. P 305 + P 351: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. P 305 + P 337 + P 313: IF IN EYES: If eye irritation persists, Get medical advice/attention P 301 + P 330 + P 331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting					
WHMIS		-		>0.1%) and Class "E" (	·	
Other Hazards	In contrast to the dry powder, calcium hydroxide, when diluted with water, can produce severe skin damage humans (alkaline burns), especially with prolonged skin contact.				n produce severe skin damage ir	
Section 3:	Compositio	n/Informatio	n on Ingredie	ents		
Ingredient		CAS ID	EC ID		Concentration	
Calcium Hydrox		01305-62-0	215-137-3		96.0 to 97.2 %	
Calcium Carbon	ate	0471-34-1	207-439-9		0.65 to 1.75 %	
Magnesium Oxi		01309-48-4	215-171-9		0.40 to 0.55 %	
Calcium Sulfate		07778-18-9	231-900-3		0.05 to 0.10 %	
Total Silica (SiO	2)	7631-86-9	238-878-4		0 to 1.5%	

Eye Contact	Irritation - Irrigate eyes with water immediately for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.					
Skin Contact						
	Irritation - Wash affected area with water. Change out of contaminated clothing when practical.  Wash mouth and drink copious quantities of water. Do not induce vomiting. Consult a doctor.					
Ingestion						
Inhalation	Irritation - Move victim to fresh air and treat for discomfort. Consult a doctor if difficult breathing.					ng.
Medical	No delayed eff	ects. Treat sympto	omatically.			
Section 5: F	ire-Fightin	g Measures				
Flammability	Nonflammable and noncombustible.					
Extinguishing M	Media Use dry powder, foam or CO2 extinguishers to fight surrounding fire.					
Special hazards	s None.					
Advice for fire-fi	ghters	Wear appropriate	e personal protectiv	e equipment.		
Section 6: A		Release Meas				
Precautions					sure adequate ventil	ation and/or
Environmental	suitable respiratory protective equipment (Section 8).  Control and minimize releases to watercourses and storm drains. Notify Environmental agencies of significal spillage into water.					
Containment	Contain spillage and keep material dry and covered if possible to minimize dust hazard.					
Clean-up	Keep material dry if possible. Use vacuum systems, if available, and/or broom and shovel. Use salvage drums for dry and wet collection.					
Disposal	Check Federal State and Local restrictions or recycle and reuse for beneficial applications.					
Section 7: F	landling ar	nd Storage				
Precautions for Safe Handling	Avoid excessive dust in work area and ensure adequate ventilation. Use dust mask when appropriate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use appropriate eye protection. Avoid extended contact with skin and clothing. Avoid ingestion and contact with food.					
Precautions for Safe Storage	Keep product dry and bags and containers stored in dry and well-ventilated location place. Store bulk in dry properly designed bins and silos. Keep out of reach of children.					
Sale Stolage	Calcium hydroxide will react with air, strong acids and moisture.					
Section 8: E	xposure C	ontrol / Pers	onal Protecti	on		
Ingredient	CAS	Concentration	ncentration Exposure Limit (mg/m3)			
Calcium Hydroxide	1305-62-0	Solids 95-100%	OSHA PEL (TWA) 8/40h	ACGIH TLV (TWA) 8/40h	MSHA/PEL (TWA) 8/40h	NIOSH REL (TWA) 10/40H
Ca(OH)2	1000 02 0	(Dry Basis)	15 T / 5 R	5	5	10 T / 5 R
Crystalline	14808-60-7	< 0.1% or	T= 30(%SiO <sub>2</sub> )+2	R= 0.025	T= 30 (%SiO <sub>2</sub> )+2	R=0.05

Calcium Hydroxide is not listed as a carcinogen by ACGIH, MSHA, OSHA, NTP, DFG, RSST or IARC. However, Crystalline Silica may be present below or above detection levels <0.1%. Occupational exposure is dependent upon the handling method and specific application. Two ranges are disclosed for (T) Total Dust and (R) Respirable Dust

Derived No Effect LvI (DNEL):	Predict No Effect Con (PNEC):	Biological Limit
No information available	No information available	Not established by ACGIH or manufacturer

Section 8: E	Exposure C	ontrol / Pers	onal Protecti	on (continued	)		
Engineering	<b>Ventilation</b> - Ensure adequate ventilation in workplace - especially in confined areas. Evaluate degree of exposure and apply appropriate PPE as necessary.						
Control Measures	<b>Dust Control -</b> Use exhaust ventilation (dust collector) or other engineering controls at handling points to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits and/or wear personal protective equipment.						
	Eye Wash - Ke	ep emergency eye	wash supplies at t	he workplace.			
		essive (visible ) em		es with side-shields. t. Do not wear conta			
Personal	Hand Protection - Wear dry protective gloves and apply barrier cream as required.						
Protective	Skin Protectio	<b>n -</b> Cover skin to m	ninimize direct cont	act.			
Equipment	Footwear - Boo	ots resistant to alka	aline material. Prev	vent dust penetration	into socks and boot	s.	
	Respiratory Protection - Follow OSHA respirator guidelines found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirators if exposure threshold limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced.						
Hygiene	Handle product in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wear clean, dry personal protective equipment. Barrier cream will reduce dryness and irritation. Heavily exposed workers should shower immediately and apply barrier cream to neck, face and wrists.						
Environmental	Ventilation syst	ems should be filte	ered before dischar	ge to atmosphere.			
Section 9: F	Physical an	d Chemical F	Properties				
Physical State	<u>Formula</u>	Color	<u>Stability</u>	<u>Flammability</u>	Explosivity	Flash Pt	
Solid / Powder	Ca(OH)2	Off white	Reactive	Non-flammable	Not flammable	Non- Combustibl	
Solu. (H₂O)	Volatiles	<u>Density</u>	Bulk Density	Sp. Gravity	Vapor Press	Boiling Pt	
1650 mg/L 20C	0%	200-500 kg/m3	220-690 kg/m3	2.2- 2.7 g/cm3	NA	NA	
<u>Freezing</u> Point	pH @ (25C)	Melting Pt	Self Ignition T	Dust Defrag Kst	Vapor Density	Viscosity	
NA	12.45	580 °C	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Partition CoeF	<u>Odor</u>	Evaporation	Decomp.	Additives			
NA	Odorless	NA	540 °C 1076 °F	NA			
Section 10:	Stability a	nd Reactivity					
Reactivity	Ca(OH)2 dissociates in aqueous media forming calcium cations and hydroxyl anions						
Stability	Under normal conditions of use and storage, calcium hydroxide is stable						
Hazardous	Reacts exothermically with acids						
ncompatibility	Strong acids, phosphorus, maleic anhydride, nitro methane, nitro ethane, nitroparaffins, nitro propane, boron tri-fluoride, chlorine tri-fluoride, ethanol, fluorine, hydrogen fluoride, phosphorous pentoxide some metals						
	None - Calcium hydroxide reacts with carbon dioxide to from calcium carbonate						

Section 11:	Toxicological Information			
Acute	Routes of Entry - Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Acute Inhalation, Ingestion			
Skin	Irritating and drying to skin -depending on exposure, moisture and duration of contact. Long sleeve clothing and gloves recommended.			
Eyes	Hazardous with eye contact (as irritant and high alkalinity). Possible lesions and blindness if left untreated for prolonged period Wear appropriate eye protection (goggles) and avoid wearing contact lenses. Standard Draize (Rabbit) - 10 mg/24 hr - Severe			
Inhalation		nation of mucous membranes, , coughing and sneezing Wear appropriate dust mask		
Ingestion	May cause gastro-intestinal irritation and pain, vomit depends on amount ingested. Rat- LD50: 7340 mg/l	ing, diarrhea, drop in blood pressure. Extent of damage kg		
Sensitization	No sensitizing effects known.	-		
Chronic	Contact dermatitis.			
Carcinogenicity	No carcinogenicity data is available for this product. Calcium hydroxide is not listed as a carcinogen by ACGIH, MSHA, OSHA, NTP, DFG, RSST or IAARC.			
Section 12:	Ecological Information			
Toxicity - Aquati	c toxicity severe in high concentrations from high alk	alinity ( pH -12.454) in concentrations > 1 gram/Liter.		
Persistence and	degradability - Not relevant for inorganic substances			
Ecological inform	mation - Not relevant information available.			
Other information	on - The product is not biodegradable.			
Bioaccumulative potential - Not relevant for inorganic substances				
Mobility in soil -	Low solubility and mobility in most ground conditions			
Additional inform	nation - Product generally nonhazardous at low conce	entrations. Frequently used in water treatment		
PBT and vPvB assessment - Not relevant for inorganic substances				
Other adverse e	effects - No further relevant information available.			
Section 13:	Disposal Considerations			
Recover uncontaminated product where possible and reutilize or recycle for other beneficial purposes.				
Dispose of containers and unused products as a solid waste in accordance with Federal, State and local requirements.				
Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste profile characteristics and waste management options. Although not a listed RCRA hazardous waste, calcium hydroxide may exhibit high alkalinity and require refined analysis to				
	Transport / Shipping Information	exhibit high alraminty and roquito romios and job to		
Calcium hydroxi		e Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG		
	n dangerous product - Not Listed	UN Proper Shipping Name - Not Classified		
DOT Hazard Clas	ss - Not Classified	Packing Group Number - Not Classified		
International Mari	al Marine Dangerous Goods (IMDG) - Not Subject IATA - Not Subject			
Regulations governing the carriage of chemicals by ship are contained in the International Convention for the Safety of Life at				

Regulations governing the carriage of chemicals by ship are contained in the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS) and the International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships, as modified by the Protocol of 1978 relating thereto (MARPOL 73/78). - Not regulated

Section 15:	Regulatory Information
SARA 302/304	Emergency Planning and Release Notification - Not Listed.
SARA 311	Hazard Categories (40 CFR 370) - Regulated under OSHA HazCom - Acute & Chronic.
SARA 312	Emergency Planning and Release Notification - Not Listed.
SARA 313	Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) Chemical List - Not Listed.
CERCLA	Hazardous Substances (Table 302.4) - <b>Not Listed.</b>
TSCA/DSL	Toxic Substance Control Act, Canada DSL and most International Chemical Inventories - Listed.
RCRA	Hazardous Waste Number and Classification - Not Listed or Classified.
WASTE	Not subject to RCRA and generally acceptable at landfills as a "special waste". Product can often be beneficially reused or recycled for other purposes.
CONEG	Council of NE Governors -Materials and inks used to manufacture packaging - Compliant
CWA 311	CWA list of hazardous substances- <b>Not Listed.</b> Calcium hydroxide contains alkaline material potentially toxic to aquatic life at high concentrations.
US DOT	U.S. Dept. of Transportation - Not Regulated.
SPILLS	Sweep up dry spillage where possible and minimize flushing with water.
FDA	Calcium hydroxide is generally recognized as safe (GRAS) by FDA 21 CFR 184.1205.
PROP 65	Subject to California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65) warning and labeling requirements based on presence of listed trace metals & silica (at or below detection levels) "known to the State of California to cause cancer." Non-detectable concentrations are reported at 1/2 the detection level.
NAFTA	Product classified as HS Tariff No 2822.50 OR 2825.90; Preference Criteria A; 100% US Origin.
EU REACH	Product pre-registered # 5-2116374587-30-0000. Contact Customer Service for restrictions.

### Section 16: Other Information /Disclaimer

Mississippi Lime Company provides the information contained herein in good faith but makes no representation as to its comprehensiveness or accuracy. This document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a properly trained person. Individuals receiving this information must exercise their independent judgment in determining its appropriateness for a particular application or purpose.

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6/8/2016